Kingsway Primary Academy

Reception Curriculum

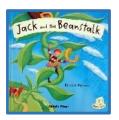
EYFS 2023 -2024

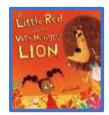












Planning a sequenced curriculum to ensure all children make progress and are ready for the next stage of their education.

Characteristics of E	ffective Learning to be embedded through all areas of learning creating powerful learners and thinkers
Playing & Exploring	 Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. For example, a child doing a jigsaw might whisper under their breath: "Where does that one go? – I need to find the big horse next." Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention.
Active Learning	 Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep. Begin to predict sequences because they know routines. For example, they may anticipate lunch when they see the table being set, or get their coat when the door to the outdoor area opens. Show goal-directed behaviour. For example, babies may pull themselves up by using the edges of a low table to reach for a toy on top of the table. Toddlers might turn a storage box upside down so they can stand on it and reach up for an object. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. For example, instead of using increasing force to push a puzzle piece into the slot, they try another piece to see if it will fit. Keep on trying when things are difficult.
Thinking and Creating Critically	 Take part in simple pretend play. For example, they might use an object like a brush to pretend to brush their hair, or 'drink' from a pretend cup. Sort materials. For example, at tidy-up time, children know how to put different construction materials in separate baskets. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems: for example, to share nine strawberries between three friends, they might put one in front of each, then a second, and finally a third. Finally, they might check at the end that everyone has the same number of strawberries. Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. For example, a child role-playing the billy goats gruff might suggest that "Maybe the troll is lonely and hungry? That's why he is fierce." Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.

Sequenced Curriculum - 2022 to 2023

New EYFS Framework

Age Related Expectations * Teaching and learning to be differentiated through short term planning, driven by assessment Consolidation and revisit of key skills, knowledge and understanding through continuous and enhanced provision

Area of	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Learning	Adtuilli	Autumi 2	Oprilig 1	Opting 2	Summer 1	Gailline 2
Overarching Theme	People in My Community	Time for Change	Testing the Water	Near and Far	Life Cycles	Wild Animals and their Environments
Planning around a quality text: To be chosen following children's interests	'Amazing' by Steve Antony	'Stanley's Stick' by John Hegley 'Leaf Thief' by Alice Hemming	'The Storm Whale in Winter' written by Benji Davies 'Fantastic Fish' by Emma Lynch	'Solar System' by Jill McDonald 'Toys in Space' by Mini Grey	Things with Wings' by Paul Shipton 'Jack and the Beanstalk' by Barbra Vagnozzi	'Giant Animals' by Claire Llewellyn 'Little Red 'Little Red and the Very Hungry Lion' by Alex T.Smith
Linked occupations	o Dentist o School staff o Photographer	o Park Keeper o Tree Surgeon o Shop keeper o Train Driver	o Fisherman o Lighthouse Keeper	o Pilot o Astronaut	o Market Seller o Bee Keeper	o Safari Ranger o Park Rangers

Linked texts Non-fiction Traditional Tales Diversity	The Friendship Bench by Wendy Meddour Mr Big by Ed Vere You Must Bring a Hat by Simon Philip All About Families by Felicity Brooks Colour Monster Goes to School by Anna Llenas Ruby's Worry by Tom Percical Bad Tempered Ladybird by Eric Carle Funny Bones by Allan Ahlberg The Same but Different Too by Karl Newson The Elves and the Shoemaker by Alison Edgson	Percy the Park Keeper by Nick Butterworth Owl Babies by Martin Waddell Owls in the Night by Catherine Baker Nests by Elspeth Graham It is a Fox by Alison Milford Pumpkin Soupby Helen Cooper Sometimes I am Worriedby Marie Paruit The Squirrels Who Squabbled by Rachel Bright Little Red Hen by Jess Stockham Judaism – Buzz Info	Someone Swallowed Stanley by Sarah Roberts and Hannah Peck Lighthouse Keepers Lunch by Ronda Armitage and David Armitage Rainbow Fish by Marcus Pfister The Weather Report by Alison Hawes Animal Coats by Claure Llewellyn The Snail and the Whale by Julia Donaldson Lost and Found by Oliver Jeffers The Frog Princeby Jess Stockham Myra Plays Holi by Sheena Garg and Shruti Bhave	Whatever Next by Jill Murphy Alien's Love Underpants by Claire Freedom Emma Jane's Aeroplane bt Katie Howarth Astronauts by First Explorers Neil Armstrong by Buzz Info Around the World by Big Cats Hansel and Gretel by Josephine Collins Hinduism by Buzz Info	Let's Look at Beans by Katie Peters Peas Please! by Big Cats Sheep to Jumper – Big Cats The Woolly Bear Caterpillar by Julia Donalson Christopher's Caterpillars by Charlotte Middleton Good Things on the Farm by Big Cats The Three Billy Goats Gruff by Mara Alperin	Little Red Riding Hood by Mara Alperin Animals and Us by Alison Hawes The Tiger Who Game to Tea by Judish Kerr Giraffe's Can't Dance by Giles Andreae Poo in the Zoo by Steve Smallman Chimpanzees by Big Cats An Animal Park Keeper by Big Cats Zee, Zee the Zebra by Karen Winward Rumble in the Jungleby Giles Andreae
Linked Rhymes Makaton Rhymes *Some Rhymes to be taught using Makaton	 Families are all Different Friend of Mine The Colour Song It's back to school we go! Happy Birthday (different language to represent the cohort) Harvest songs 	 It is Autumn Ten Little Leaves Down at the station Did you ever see a bunny? Diwali & Hannukah songs Christmas songs 	 Whale Song The big ship sails A sailor went to sea, sea, sea Waiting for Snow Ten Little Fish Chinese New Year 	Many Ways to Travel One little, two little, three little planets Put on your spacesuit Easter songs Holi songs Eid al-Fitr songs	 Ten Little Flowers The Seed Song Grow a Plant Song I'm taking home my bumble bee The Very Hungry Caterpillar The Wbeasts Came in 2 by 2 	 Walking in the Jungle The Jungle Song The Bear went over the mountain The Animal Fair Lion Hunt African Animals
Trips/Visitors/ First Hand Experiences Enrichments	Visitors Dental Hygienist Grandparents Photographer Headteacher Trip/First Hand Experiences Welly Walk to Forest School	Visitors Tree Surgeon Train Driver Ranger Trip/First Hand Experiences Walk to Church	Visitors Scientist Trip/First Experiences Forest School The Blue Planet Aquarium	Visitors Hindu Religious Leader Trip/First Hand Experiences Forest School Historical Clip Neil Armstrong & Tim Peake on the Moon	Visitors Market Seller Trip/First Hand Experiences Butterfly tent Build a Bug Hotel	Visitors Y1 visitors – Q & A time Y1 Teacher Trips/First Experiences Safari Trip Transition Visits to Year One
Celebrations / Festivals / Special Events	Birthdays Start of Autumn Golden Tie	o Birthdays o Harvest Festival o Christmas o Harvest Festival o Christmas (25 th) o Remembrance Day (11 th) o Guy Fawkes (5 th) o Diwali (12 th -16 th) o Reading Raffle Champion o Golden Tie	Birthdays Chinese New Year Start of Spring New Year's Day (1st) Shrove Tuesday Lent Mother's Day Ramadan Reading Raffle Golden Time	o Birthdays o Holi o Easter o World Book Day o Reading Raffle o Golden Tie	Birthdays Start of Summer Eid Al-Fitr Reading Raffle Golden Tie	o Birthdays o Sports Day o Transition o Father's Day o Reading Raffle o Golden Tie

COMMUNICATION & LANGUAGE: Listening, Attention & Understanding Speaking Weaved throughout the whole of the EYFS curriculum

Educational Programme: The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, storytelling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Autumn Spring Summer

Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2021

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Understand a question or instruction that has two parts
 - Linked to: □ Daily routines □ Activities AL and CI
- Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important
- One-to-one / small groups / whole class
- Learn new vocabulary
- Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge
- Listen carefully to rhymes and songs and begin to pay attention to how they sound
- Learn rhymes, songs & poems
- Anticipate words, begin to adapt phrases (with support)
- Listen to stories and begin to be active participants
 □ Join in with repeated refrains
 □ Fill in rhyming words
 □ Answer a range of questions with relevant comments
 □ Ask questions to develop understanding
 □ Talk about likes / dislikes
 □ Discuss characters, events, setting ... character, happened

Speaking

- Use new vocabulary throughout the day within a range of contexts / develop use of social phrases
- Begin to ask questions to find out more and develop understanding
- Begin to articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentence
- Express □ Ideas to practitioners / friends □ Within book talk
- Begin to connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives... because, although, but...
- Begin to describe events in some detail, showing awareness of the listener
- Begin to retell a simple story using some story language

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers
- Listen to others and join in conversation, turn taking
- Listen carefully to and learn rhymes, poems and songs
- Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding
- Engage in conversation about main characters / events
- Link story events to own experiences / other texts
- Discuss feelings and actions of main characters
- Begin to listen to and talk about non-fiction books, developing a familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary
- Books linked to key themes
- Begin to name book parts / content front / back cover, contents page / fact / real
- Begin to understand humour e.g., nonsense rhymes / jokes

Speaking

- Use new vocabulary in different contexts with increasing confidence / use a range of social phrases with dev confidence
- Answer and ask questions to develop understanding Who? What? Where? When? Why?
- Articulate ideas & thoughts in well-formed sentences
- Using new vocabulary and correct tenses
- Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives ... because, although, but, also, first, next, after
- Describe events in some detail
- Use sequencing vocabulary first, next, after ...
- Use talk to help work out problems, organise thinking & activities explain how things work/why things happen
- Introduction of some problem-solving words I think ... We could ...
- Retell a simple story using story language / own words

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions: □ fiction texts □ non-fiction texts
- Engage in Talk for Writing activities fiction
- Engage in Book Talk activities non-fiction
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding
- Use a range of question starters and use full sentences
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with teacher and peers
- Showing awareness of the listener (i) turn taking (ii) depth of information required
- Understand humour more readily e.g., nonsense rhymes/jokes
- Begin to discuss likes / dislikes / reasons

Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary
- Speak with confidence using: □ full sentences □ range of connectives □ tenses
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate
- Active prior knowledge to speak with confidence and articulate ideas / thoughts
- Express ideas and feelings about experiences
- Listen to others
- Participate in purposeful conversation

Kingsway Primary Academy - Personal, Social & Emotional Development

PSHE progression through EYFS with links to – Jigsaw PSHE Curriculum / Physical Development & Understanding the World

Educational Programme: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life

ELG - Self-regulation: ■ Show an understanding of their feelings & begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly ■ Set & work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want & control their immediate impulses when appropriate ■ Give focussed attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, & show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions ELG - Managing Self ■ Be confident to try new activities & show independence, resilience & perseverance in the face of challenge ■ Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong & try to behave accordingly ■ Manage own basic hygiene & personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet & understanding the importance of healthy food choices ELG - Building Relationships ■ Work & play cooperatively & take turns with others ■ Form positive attachments to adults & friendships with peers ■ Show sensitivity to their own & other's needs

Focus	Health and Well-Being		Relationships	Living in	n the Wider World	ocabulary- to be used daily
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	Know & talk about the different factors that support their overall health & well-being: regular physical activity, healthy eating, tooth brushing, sensible amounts of screen time, having a good sleep routine, being a safe pedestrian Can describe own competencies, what they can do well & are getting better at, describing themselves in positive but realistic terms Proactive in seeking adult support and able to articulate their wants and needs		particular friendships with other children, which me to understand different points of view and to ge their own and others' thinking ngly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve with other children by negotiating and finding a mise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with able to manage their feelings and tolerate is in which their wishes cannot be met and others do not always enjoy the same things, ensitive to this, accepting difference of opinion Further devision school day queuing, me Recognise communities communities communities and tolerate where the understand people		relop the skills to manage the successfully: lining up & ealtimes, personal hygiene that they belong to different s & social groups & te freely about own home & epair a relationship or situation	ALL nursery vocabulary AND Good touch Bad Touch Private Secret Real Fake Feelings Responsibility
	Autumn 1 People in My Community Ongoing Learning Outcomes taught through Autumn Term: Explore the classroom with interest learning Develop friendships with new childred Autumn 1 Understand how it feels to belong a different Start to recognise and manage my factorized and the start to recognise and manage my factorized and the start to recognise and manage my factorized and the starting to understand children's range and all be allowed to learn and pactorized all be allowed to learn and pactorized and the starting what being responsible measurements and the starting and the s	t and engage in sustained ren and that we are similar and feelings school a good place to be and and use gentle hands rights and this means we blay leans t and understand everyone likes us all special ame in some ways s special to me and up for myself when unkind	goal Can set a goal and work town Can use kind words to encou Understand the link betweer might like to do when I'm old Can say how I feel when I a means to feel proud Spring 2 Understand that I need to ext Understand how moving and Know which foods are heat healthy eating choices Know the importance of sleep Wash my hands and und especially before I eat and af Know who my safe adults are	endship groups ow who to go to for support utines of the school day e, I can tackle challenges idn't give up until I achieved my ards it urage people n what I learn now and the job I er achieve a goal and know what it ercise to keep my body health resting are good for my body Ithy and not so healthy. Make p and why it is good for me erstand why this is important iter I go to the toilet e and how to stay safe if they are ow to stay safe on the road when	class and around the school Summer 1 Can identify some of the jour like I belong Know how to make friends Can think of ways to solve Starting to understand the incomposition Can use Calm Me time to refer the control of keeping parts of the bood of keeping parts of their bood can tell you some things I healthy Understand that we all grow Can express how I feel abood at talk about my worrie forward to about being in Y	chool behavioural expectations in old bbs I do in my family and how I feel to stop myself from feeling lonely problems and stay friends impact of unkind words manage my feelings dy and understand the importance dy private can do and foods I can eat to be we from babies to adults out moving to Year 1 is and/or the things I am looking fear 1 of the best bits of this year in

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. □ Classroom displays will display timetables and behavioural expectations of the day. □ Classrooms will provide quiet areas within their provision. □ Children will be encouraged to talk about their feelings and emotions throughout the day. □ Classrooms will promote and celebrate positive behaviour.

Kingsway Primary Academy - Physical Development (Gross Motor Skills)

PD progression through EYFS with links to PD Fine Motors Skills / Expressive Arts & Design – Creating with Materials

Educational Programme: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practise of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

ELG: Gross Motor Skills ■ Negotiate space & obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves & others ■ Demonstrate strength, balance & coordination when playing ■ Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping & climbing ■ LG: Fine Motor Skills ■ Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing-using the tripod grip in almost all cases ■ Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery ■ Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing

Focus	Gymnastics Movements	Basic Movement and Games	Dance	Fine Motor Skills	Health and Self Care	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Revise & refine fundamental movements, making changes to body shape, position & pace of movement such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, skipping, hopping & sliding Combine different movements with ease & fluency Develop overall body strength, coordination, balance & agility 	 Negotiate space successfully when playing racing or chasing games, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles Develop & refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, batting & aiming Develop confidence, competence, precision & accuracy with activities that involve a ball Develop overall body strength, coordination, balance & agility e.g., wheelbarrows, balance bikes, pedal bikes 	 Initiates new combinations of movements & gestures to express & respond to feelings, ideas & experiences Watch & talk about dance & performance art, expressing their feelings & responses Explore & engage in dance, performing solo or in groups 	 Develop their semotor skills so that can use a range of competently, safely confidently. Suggested tools pencils for drawing writing, paintbrus scissors, knives, and spoons. Develop the founda of a handwriting which is fast, accurant efficient. 	tools and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing Can describe the importance of physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, good sleep routines and	Follow, lead, copy, gallop, slither, crawl, kick, catch, throw, push, pat, slither, shuffle, roll, crawl, walk, run, hop, slide, squat, climb, land, stand, jump, balance, space, race, chase, speed, direction, obstacles, stretch, strong, firm, gentle, heavy, floppy
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 People in my Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change	Spring 1 Testing the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Summer 1 Life Cycles	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments
	 Climb on large and small e Crawl, walk or run on a ber Adjust speed to avoid obst Find a space Manage my own persor washing my hands and bru Use a variety of mark making 	nach or beam acles nal hygiene such as ushing my teeth ing tools with control	ravel across balancing equipmen arts. Bive my opinion about a mover xplain what is good and what can alk about the importance or exercitrow and catch a ball with accurated my pencil with a dominate acognisable letters for all set one	ment or actions and be improved sise and sleep acty	 Ride a balance bike effectively and with control Explain a healthy diet and different food combinations Write with a clear tripod grip and create accurately formed I ready for joining Demonstrate skills and techniques to the rest of my class Move in time to music and change my movements in response 	
	Games		Dance		Self-Evaluati	on

□ Children in reception have lots of opportunities to reinforce their developing physical skills through the provision provided both indoors and out. □ In addition to this they have a weekly PE session in the main school hall which cover, fundamental movement skills, dance, games and gymnastics apparatus work throughout the year.

Kingsway Primary Academy – Literacy Reading (Comprehension and Word Reading) English with links to Expressive Arts and Design / Being Imaginative & Expressive

Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

ELG: Comprehension: ■ Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories & narratives using their own words & recently introduced vocabulary ■ Anticipate, where appropriate, key events in stories ■ Use & understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes & poems & during role-play ELG: Word Reading ■ Say a sound of each letter in the alphabet & at least 10 digraphs ■ Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending ■ Read aloud simple sentences & books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge including some common exception words

Focus	Decoding	Reading	miliarity with text	Poetry and Performance	Word Meaning	Understanding and Inference		3 3
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences Read some letter groups that each represent one sound & say sounds for them Read simple phrases & sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences & a few exception words	increasing range of print & digital books, both fiction and	Describe main story settings, events & principal characters in increasing detail	 Re-enact and reinvents stories / poems they have heard in their play Beginning to understand humour, e.g., nonsense rhymes Uses combinations of art forms, e.g., moving and singing, making and dramatic play 	Extend vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words	 Engage with books & othe reading materials at ar increasingly deeper level & their knowledge of language structure, subject knowledge & illustrations to interpret the text Use talk to organise, sequence & clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events Give explanation of why events happened in a story 	of consentence struincluding neg plurals and markers	omplex information that has been read to them, or they have read themselves atives, Listen & responds to ideas expressed by
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 People in My Commu		e Testir	Spring 1 ng the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Ĺ	Summer 1 .ife Cycles	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments
	 Blend sounds to rematch their phone Read a range of Hability Begin to read simmatched to their phone 	 Read all the set 1 sounds from RWInc ounds to read VC & CVC words that heir phonetic ability range of HF words matched to phonic or read simple phrases/sentences d to their phonic ability he a setting and a character within a story Read all the set 1 sound Read simple sentences Match captions to picture Read an increasing range Read an increasing range Read an increasing range Find the correct page in page. 			of HF words fidence in word readin enjoyment	g, An Ca ber Ex	ad aloud simple sent ht ready HF words. swer 'who', 'why', 'wh n make statements a ween them plain the differences l	s from RWInc use words, matched to phonic sounds ences by decoding phonetically regular words and enere' and 'what' questions based on a key text and ask questions. Understanding the difference between two different stories. hew vocabulary in the context in which it was read.

- Begin to retell simple stories and narratives using their own words and some recently introduced vocabulary
- Re-enact a story using puppets to take on the role.
- Understand the difference between fiction and nonfiction text.
- Sequence a story into beginning, middle and end
- Give their opinion on a story and make a prediction about what might happen next.

Word Reading Comprehension

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary and quality texts within all areas of the provision. □ Children will become familiar with text structure, characters and key vocabulary through well planned continuous provision all linked to a quality key text. □ There will be a balance of fiction and non-fictions texts used to support learning. □ Children will have daily literacy inputs and daily phonics inputs where concepts about print and book handling skills will be modelled. □ Reading will take high priority across provision.

Kingsway Primary Academy - Literacy Writing

English with links Communication & Language, Physical Development (Fine Motors Skills) & Expressive Arts & Design

Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

ELG: Writing: Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

ELG: Physical Development-Fine Motor Skills Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing-using the tripod grip in almost all cases Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing

Focus	Composition (Articulating ideas and structur into speech, before writin		Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting)					
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	Break the flow of speech into words, □ oral rehearsal □ memory, holding a caption / short sentence to write labe and simple sentences Develop word modification, select la audience and purpose of the writing Begin to use some connectives in w Write simple sentences in meaningful writing a sequence of two or more selections with the sentences of two or more selections. The sentences in structions □ Recipe card □ Posters Re-read what they have written to characteristics. Write simple sentences which can be themselves and others.	is, developing: a word / iels, captions anguage to fit g rriting ful contexts, ientences aper and Set of s \sigmup Streng in-hand opposi effectiv floor sperand Set of s \sigmup Story inheck that it mallea greater Streng in-hand opposi effectiv floor Form r and ca formed Develor Develor person mallea greater Streng in-hand opposi effectiv floor Form r and ca formed Develor Develor	e a range of tools, objects, construction, able and drawing materials safely and wit r precision and accuracy, developing: the of hand arches Fine motor strength d manipulation Pincer grip Thumb tition Thumb tition The process of the	 Where to start writing (to bottom) Which way to continue (left to right) Concept of a word and letter Correct orientation of leand words Where to go next (retur sweep) 	letters of the alphab Discriminate betwee Match capital letters writing Apply phonic know CCVC (including us Spell taught high fre Write some irregular Spell some words plausible	 Secure sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Discriminate between capital and lowercase letters Match capital letters to lowercase letters Apply phonic knowledge to spell words – VC, CVC, CCVC (including use of taught digraphs and trigraphs) Spell taught high frequency words Write some irregular common words. Spell some words correctly and others phonetically 		
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 People in My Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change	Spring 1 Testing the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Summer 1 Life Cycles	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments		
	 Write VC and CVC words that mability Break the flow of speech into wo Orally retell a story, draw images sounds to represent words Use correct letter formation for low Write a label/ list/ speech bubble 	ords es and write some initial lower case letters	 Write captions and simple single of purposes, applying Begin to develop independe (orally rehearsed) simple seined Re-read what they have write sense Form some upper-case letter 	knowledge of HF words nt writing further to include ntences ten to ensure it makes	 Write simple sentences are others Rewrite a story in simple services Present facts via simple services Progress towards 2 independed Apply capital letters, finge Form majority of lower cases 	entences endent writes per week r spaces and full stops.		

		 Introduced to using additional punctuation, e.g. question marks
Transcription	Composition	

□ Through experience of adult modelled writing (planned and spontaneous) for a wide range of purposes throughout indoor and outdoor provision, children will be encouraged to label, record and write independently. □ Carefully considered resources to support writing opportunities will be available throughout provision. □ Seeing authorship and spelling in action will enable children to confidently apply and develop their own handwriting skill and phonetic knowledge. □ Writing and writing opportunities will take high priority across provision.

Kingsway Primary Academy - Number and Number Patterns Maths progression through EYFS – links to First 4 Maths

Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

ELG: Number ■ Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number ■ Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 ■ Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts ELG: Numerical Patterns ■ Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system ■ Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity ■ Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

Focus	Place value: Counting	Place value: Repr	esent	Place value: Us	e and compare	Addition	n and Subtraction; recall, represent, use	Addition and subtraction: Calculation
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Enjoys reciting numbers from 0 to 10 (and beyond) and back from 10 to 0 Counts out up to 10 objects from a larger group 	 Engages in subitisin to four and maybe fi Increasingly conf putting numerals in 10 (ordinality) Matches the nume group of items to many there are (up to the first to the firs	ve fident at order 0 to ral with a show how	numbers, sh large number Estimates	hen comparing owing interest in s of numbers of ng understanding	mather and strincludi numer. Shows made number	s to explore and work out matical problems, using signs trategies of their own choice, ng (when appropriate) standard als, tallies and + or - s awareness that numbers are up (composed) of smaller ers, exploring partitioning in nt ways with a wide range of s	In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 People in My Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change		pring 1 g the Water	Spring Near and	di di dia managaran di di	Summer 1 Life Cycles/ Animal & their Environments	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments
	Autumn 1 Accurate counting of sets of obj 1-5 Subitising 1-3 Numeral Recognition to 5 Conceptual subitising Beginning to notice numbers wit Compare sets 1-5 using vocab /fewest	chin numbers of more / fewer / most	 System includin Find 1 I track ar Explore Genera 	g backwards 10-1 of atic approach to p g on part whole modess using sets of od from a larger gromore complex patilising pattern and k pattern of shapes	artitioning sets of del bjects on tens fran up erns – ABB, ABBC transferring to and	objects 1-5	including on tens frame an	splitting and recombining 10 and part whole model is for 10 acceptable.

 Simple AB patterns (complete, copy, make own and spot/correct errors in patterns)

Autumn 2

- Accurate counting of sets of objects 1-10, recognising and ordering numerals 1-1
- Subitising to 5
- Applied conceptual subitising
- Inverse operations splitting and recombining sets of objects 1-5 including on part whole model
- Compare numbers using vocab of more/less
- Find 1 more using sets of objects on tens frames and on a number track
- Identify unit of repeat AB & ABC patterns
- Recall double facts to 5
- Writing numerals 1-5

- Recall number bonds for numbers 1-5
- Partitioning and recombining sets of objects 6-10 Including on part whole model and tens frame
- Numerical Patterns staircase patterns linked to finding 1 more/1 less using a mental numberline
 - Writing numerals 1 10.

- Share fairly (comparison)
- Use part whole model to partition numbers where both parts are the same
- Look at halving as inverse of doubles
- Sharing between more than two (comparison)
- Splitting into more than 2 parts on a part whole model (composition)
- Secure writing numerals to 10.

Number- Number and place value

Number- Addition and subtraction

Number- Multiplication and division

□ Children will be exposed to mathematical vocabulary and mathematical experiences in the indoor and outdoor classrooms. □ Through well-chosen resources such as water play, sand play, construction and small world children will be able to play what they know in a purposeful way whilst learning.

Kingsway Primary Academy - Shape, Space and Measure

Maths progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

ELG - N/A * See Number & Numerical Pattern links

	ee Number & Numerical Pattern links								
Focus	Spatial Awareness	Shape	Pattern	Measures					
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Uses spatial language, including following and giving directions, using relative terms and describing what they see from different viewpoints Investigates turning and flipping objects to make shapes fit and create models; predicting and visualising how they will look (spatial reasoning) May enjoy making simple maps of familiar and imaginative environments, with landmarks 	analogies, (e.g., heart-shaped and hand-shaped leaves), as well as mathematical terms to describe shapes Enjoys composing and decomposing shapes, learning which shapes combine to make other shapes	 Spots patterns in the environment, beginning to identify the pattern "rule" Chooses familiar objects to create and recreate repeating patterns beyond AB patterns and begins to identify the unit of repeat 	 Enjoys tackling problems involving prediction and discussion of comparisons of length, weight or capacity, paying attention to fairness and accuracy Becomes familiar with measuring tools in everyday experiences and play Is increasingly able to order and sequence events using everyday language related to time Beginning to experience measuring time with timers and calendars 					
	Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Time for Chang			Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments					

Learning Outcomes	People in My Community							
	their features- Sq rectangle Order 3 items by leng standard measures Talk about what we pa	2D shapes and describe uare, circle, triangle, th and weight using nonay for things to describe their lined	 Recognise face shapes Spatial vocabu on, in, under, fi Sequence ever time Use 2D and 3E Spring 2 Representing s Spatial vocabu down, across) Follow and give 	by height es on 3D shapes comprise of 2D lary (in front, behind, in between, rst second, third) ints using the language related to D shapes to design small words spatial relationships as maps ulary (forwards, backwards, up,	 Order 3 Describe hexagor Use the Recogni Pay for i Summer 2 Order 3 Time - \$ Relation 	items by mass ue how many corresponding to the how many correspond	hapes	ave including a pentagon, shapes.
	Measurement		Geometry			Geo	ometry- Position and	direction

□ Children will be exposed to mathematical vocabulary and mathematical experiences in the indoor and outdoor classrooms. □ Through well-chosen resources such as water play, sand play, construction and small world children will be able to play what they know in a purposeful way whilst learning.

Kingsway Primary Academy - UW- Past and Present/ The World Foundational History progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG: UW / Past and Present ■ Talk about the lives of the people around them & their roles in society ■ Know some similarities & differences between things in the past & now, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class ■ Understand the past through settings, characters & events encountered in books read in class & storytelling

	'	J J,		, 0		
Focus	Chronological understanding	Historical Enquiry	Knowledge & Interpretation	Communication	Vocabulary	r- to be used daily
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking and events Compare & contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past Comment on images of familiar situations in the past 	 Ask questions to find out more & to check understanding of what has been said Understands questions such as who, why, when, where & how Understands a range of complex sentence structures including tense markers Engage in non-fiction books 	been said	■ Use talk to organise, sequence & clarify thinking, ideas, feelings & events	week, at the week Understand and why, because, fin why? Understand and	use vocabulary: yesterday, last kend, this morning, last night use vocabulary such as: how, id out, I wonder what, if, when, use vocabulary such as: I can different, similar, change, what use, explain
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 People in My Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change	Spring 1 Testing the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Summer 1 Life Cycles	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments
	 Describe special events that have happened in own life Describe special family members and explain why they are special 	Explain why we remember the Soldiers on Remembrance Day Describe who 'Guy Faulkes' was and what he did	homes (including boats) describing similarities and differences i	etrieve information Use sources to find information Compare and contrast different types of the with t	alk about memories in e past, black and hite photographs and ompare to today that is special about y school and how has changed?	To look at how Knowsley Safari Park has developed over the years. What has changed? What has stayed the same?

same and what is different between home and school.	 Compare different celebrations and relate to family life Retell the Christmas story and how this has influenced us today Compare old and new toys 	moon landing- Neil abo Armstrong and hap Astronaut Tim Peake	pen next important?
Significant person	Significant event	Significant places	Changes within living memory

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve what they have learnt in the past, can explain what is happening in the present and are aware of what will happen in the future. Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Kingsway Primary Academy - UW- People/Culture and Communities

RE progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG: UW / People, Culture and Communities ■ Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts & maps ■ Know some similarities & differences between different religious & cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class ■ Explain some similarities & differences between life in this country & life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts & maps

unicicii	CC3 DCI	WCC		1110 111	other countries, drawing on kild	VVIC	sage nom st	ones, non-neuo	1 10	ALS CE III	aps				
Focus			Beliefs and Values		Search for Personal	Li	iving religio	us traditions	Sh	ared h	uma	an experience			Vocabulary
					meaning										
Reception Skills, Knowled, Understa	ge &	characters from stories, including figures from the		ent in	differences between themselves & others, &		places are special to members of their community		Talk about members of their immediate family & community Enjoys joining in with family customs & routines		 Celebration, Special, Family, Religion, trust, brave, strong, weak, care, sorry, unique, bells, spire, steeple, mosque, church, respect, 		e, strong, weak, care, sorry, unique, bells,		
Learning Outcome			Autumn 1 People in My Community		Autumn 2 Time for Change					Summer 1 Life Cycles			Summer 2 Wild Animals their Environments		
		•	Describe special and significant events in		Recall the story of Christmas and explain why it is a special event			nada	an and	•	Recognise importance	the o		Children can name some ways people look after the natural world e.g., recycling	

	their own lives such as a birthday or trip to the cinema Explain what is the same and what is different between themselves and their friends when describing features e.g., skin colour, hair colour, features, language they speak	celebrated by Hindu Name a Church and explain their own experiences Recognise a mandir and explain that Hindu's worship here	-	Name three festivals of Christ Diwali and Ramadan and can about their similarities and differer Can talk about special places have travelled to with members of family	n talk ences they	reflection time within different faiths	
Christian	ity- Church	Christianity -God		Christianity -Jesus		Hinduism	Islam

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key celebrations at different times of the year. □ Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually see significant events that have taken place throughout the year. □ Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Kingsway Primary Academy - UW- The Natural World

Geography progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG: UW/ The Natural World Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of plants and animals Know some similarities & differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons

Focus	Location	Place	Human and Physical	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	Vocabulary- to be used daily
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Observe, find out about and identify features in the place they live and in the natural world. Find out about their environment and talk about those features they like/dislike. Encourage children to express opinions on natural and built environments and give opportunities for them to hear different points of view on the quality of the environment. Recognise some environments that are 	 Observe and identify features in the place they live and the natural world. Talk about features. Help children to find out about the environment by talking to people, examining photographs and simple maps and visiting local places. Recognise some similarities & differences between life in this country & life in other countries 	influence and impact on the world, meaning that things happen as a result of our actions	 Examine change over time. Describe some actions which people in their own community do that help to maintain the area they live in. Draw information from a simple map Interpret range of sources of geographical information, including maps, globes, photographs 	express opinions, e.g., 'busy', 'quiet' and 'pollution' make distinctions in their observations.

	different to the one they live	e in which						
earning utcomes	Autumn 1 People in My Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change	Spring 1 Testing the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Summer 1 Life Cycles	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments		
	 Know own address. Describe home Know school is in Widnes, in England 	1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	 Draw a map of where main character lives Use a BeeBot to plan a route and explain direction e.g. Noi's Dad's journey from home to his fishing boat 	significance of places in Widnes	places to plant in the school grounds and why Describe the seasonal changes and what we have	Recycling. The impact on animals and the environment Describe the environment and what we see on photographs		
	My School, My	Area		Widnes		The UK		

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key learning knowledge and skills. □ Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve prior learning. □ Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Kingsway Primary Academy - UTW- The Natural World Science progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG - Understanding the World- The Natural World around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants • Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons

Focus	Seasonal changes	Everyday materials	Plants	Animals including Humans	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Describe what they see, he & feel whilst outside Observational drawings of the natural world Discuss how to care for the living things & their habitats Examine change over time Express opinions on natural built environments opportunities to hear differed points of view on the quality the environment. Use worksuch as busy, quiet, pollution 	materials with similar and/ or different properties. Talk about the differences between materials and changes that they notice Characteristics of liquids & solids e.g., cooking eggs, melting chocolate Observe & interact with natural processes, such as ice melting, a sound causing	some plants Draw pictures of plants	 Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, drinking water, sleeping & hygiene can contribute to good health Describe what they see, hear & feel Identify different parts of their body & animals Be able to show care and concern for living things Know the effects exercise has on their bodies Have some understanding of growth and change Talk about things they have observed including animals 	Test, fair, why, senses, world, plants – leaf, stem, root, flower, animals, humans, materials - waterproof, natural, change, growth, decay, environment, heavy, light, float, sink, stretch, snap, magnetic, baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult, egg, caterpillar, chrysalis, bark, stick, branch, seasons, melt, liquid, solid, hard, soft, kitten, puppy, foal, calf etc

	 Understand the ef changing seasons natural world around the 	on the an object &	agnet attracting a boat floating	Observational drawings of animals			
Learning Outcomes	vocabulary, e.g., eyel shoulders, elbows and Name different parts of and paws Describe what change a baby to an adult Name the 4 seasons	f an animal e.g., tail, whiskers as occur as they change from a, hear and feel when outside	 Know the effect such as melticles Classify a supplastic, fabrice Name the cholen Know about have on plan 	Nater Near oortance of water for hea ects of heating and coolining and freezing et of objects by their means of the second secon	ng on ingredients naterials- Wood, the effect they	 shoots to produce lear Use correct terms e.g butterfly & ladybirds Describe the most explanations as to why Name the characterist 	
Sea	sonal changes	Everyday ma	aterials	PI	ants	An	imals including humans

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. □ The outdoor classroom will be used as a key feature in our science learning through the natural world. □Trips to the farm and the zoo will be used to enhance children experiences of animals and class experiences of hatching our own chicks and caring for our own caterpillars/butterflies.

Kingsway Primary Academy - EAD: Creating with Materials & Being Imaginative and Expressive

Design and Technology progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG: EAD / Creating with Materials and Being Imaginative

■ Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function ■ Share their creations, explaining the process they have used ■ Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories

Focus	Designing		Making	Evaluating	Technical Skills		Food Technology	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	materials express communicate discoveries understanding Create collaboratively	erse to & their &	Use increasing knowledge & understanding of tools & materials to explore their interests & enquiries & develop their thinking Create representations both imaginary & real-life ideas, events, people & objects	 Express & communicates working theories, feelings & understandings Responds imaginatively to art works & objects Return to & build on previous learning, refining ideas & developing their ability to represent them 	 Use different techniques for joining materials Use tools independently, with care & precision 	-	Look closely at similarities, differences, patterns & change Know & talk about the different factors that support their overall health & well-being	Cutting, measure, folding, joining, gluing, tearing, decorate, printing, tools, strong, shape, materials, textiles, wheels, equipment, like, dislike, improve, better, cutting, plants, animals, farming, foods.

		•	Discuss problems & how they might be solved			
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 People in My Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change	Spring 1 Testing the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Summer 1 Life Cycles	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments
	 Work with others to make structures e.g., building a house/home/school Use colour and materials to express how they are feeling through own creations using a variety of textures 	range of tools such as building tools and gardening tools with accuracy Begin to talk about the effect of exercise and food on their health	sea; explain how they wo and why Use an increasing range as mobilo and lego, including some moving property of the thir each element. Verbally evaluate their good and one thing that	ngs that they build and label work and explain what is could make it better	 From farm to fork'. Understand where food comes from and experience growing their own vegetables, harvesting, preparing, and eating Brush own teeth and talk about the importance of good oral health 	 Use a range of materials and split pins to connect and join materials to make a moving animal puppet.
	Food		Mechan	isms		Structures

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality resources will be provided for daily accessibility. □ Playdough/ Malleable/Art/building/small world and outdoor provisions will provide a wealth of opportunity. □ Resources will be enhanced and developed as children develop their skill set.

Kingsway Primary Academy - Expressive Arts and Design - Creating with Materials Art progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG - EAD: Creating with Materials

■ Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function ■ Share their creations, explaining the process they have used ■ Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories

	als when role playing characters in harrative		Tanatana			Familiana		Manakadawa
Focus	Drawing	Painting and Printing	Texture	and collage		Explore		Vocabulary
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	 Use a range of tools competently safely Explore different textures. Encourage accurate drawings of people Create representations of boordinaginary & real-life ideas, event people & objects Explore, use & refine colour mixing techniques Use colour for purpose, including creating moods 	different textures Use tools to creat different textures Use a range of material to create differer textures Manipulate materials to have a planned effect	experimer materials communic & understa	own ideas through tation with diverse to express & ate their discoveries anding	artwo	oond imaginatively to orks & objects ore, use & refine a ty of artistic effects to ess their ideas & ags ess & communicate ing theories, feelings anderstandings in the of artwork & objects ore the work of rent artists	im m pr m de m ur ok	exture, shape, 2D, observation, nagination, scale, size, fine otor skills, Experiment, operties of clay, plasticine, odel, observation, imagination, emonstrate, odelling. Experiment, media, nderstand, textural effects, oservation, imagination, experiment, printing, media, nderstand, techniques
			Spring 1 ng the Water	Spring 2 Near and F		Summer 1 Life Cycles		Summer 2

Learning Outcomes			Wild Animals in their Environments
Outcomes	 Begin to draw with a purpose, e.g. self-portrait (us mirrors) Use a variety of mark-makers with increasing control a efficiency In painting, able to select a brush and use a 'dip, drawash and wipe' technique to keep colours clear Explore what happens mixing primary colours to cresecondary colours Understand how to print effectively using fine motor sk to grip and press Begin to make considered patterns and pictures Explore and describe different textures, e.g. rousmooth Use techniques (e.g. folding, crunching, tearing, cutting to create a different effect *Modelling - Sculptor: Barbara Hepworth (Family of Man sculpture) 	telling a story or representing how they feel Look closely at natural and man-made objects, to creat observational drawings that notice shape, form are pattern Mix various shades of primary colours to create secondate colours and use these in their artwork Use own ideas for print making, e.g. using a collection objects to experience a variety of shapes, textures are patterns Use tools and materials effectively to explore shape pattern and form to make pictures and other collage Make repeating and irregular patterns using collage	g. Create drawings based on feelings, real/imaginative experiences and stories te Draw with increasing complexity and detail Observe colour in nature and represent it in artwork; mixing colours to match what they see Very Use printing techniques with independence to make patterns and pictures, using a variety of artistic effects Take rubbings from objects such as tree bark. Select their own tools and resources and give reasons for their choices Independently assemble different pieces to create a picture, e.g. wild animal in their environment
	Painting and Printing	Drawing	Texture and Collage

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary and quality texts within all areas of the provision. □ Children will become familiar with text structure, characters and key vocabulary through well planned continuous provision all linked to a quality key text. □ There will be a balance of fiction and non-fictions texts used to support learning. □ Children will have daily literacy inputs and daily phonics inputs where concepts about print and book handling skills will be modelled. □ Reading will take high priority across provision.

Kingsway Primary Academy - EAD- Creating with Materials and Being Imaginative

MUSIC progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG: EAD / Creating with Materials and Being Imaginative Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes & songs Perform songs, rhymes, poems & stories with others, & - when appropriate – try to move in time with music

Focus	Singing	Listening	Composing	Performing	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.	 Respond imaginatively to music e.g., this music sounds like dinosaurs Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. 	instruments/sounds for their own imaginative purposes	own, increasingly matching the pitch & following the melody	■ High/ low

							music they are listening to.				
Learning Outcomes		Autumn 1 People in My Community	Autumn 2 Time for Change		pring 1 g the Water	Spring 2 Near and Far	Summer Life Cycle		Summer 2 Wild Animals in their Environments		
		 Sing along to a familiar song as a class group 	 Sing along to new (nativity) as a group Sing some songs in s groups 	smaller volume, and pito Make instrum	signs to adjust, rhythm, speed ch own musical ent and explain nds that it makes	 Follow the beat range of instrumer Follow a simple mattern 	nts (dance)	ement to	instrument in time to the beat of a song		
	Explo	re pulse, rhythm, and d	uration E	Exploring pitch, t	and dynamics.	Exploring sounds, instruments, and symbols.					

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. □ Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve what they have learnt in the past, can explain what is happening in the present and are aware of what will happen in the future. □ Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Kingsway Primary Academy - Understanding the World

COMPUTING progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG - NO ELG's are represented for this area

Focus	Electronic Communication Understanding Technologies		Text and Multimedia		Research and E-Safety		Digital images and audio		Algorithms Handing information		Vocabulary- To be used daily.	
Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	рі	ompletes a simple rogram on electronic evices		Begin to list different IT in their home	•	Begin to give reasons why we need to stay safe online Use the internet with adult supervision to find and retrieve information of interest to them	•	Create content such as a video recording, stories, and/or draw a picture on screen	•	Develop digital literacy skills by being able to access, understand and interact with a range of technologies	•	Internet, website, mouse, images, paint, technology, share, collect, set, sound, communicate, videos, photos, programme

Learning Outcomes		Autumn 1 Auturi eople in My Community Time for 0		Spring 1 Testing the Water			Sumn Life Cy	-	Summer 2 Wild Animals and their Environments Use 'Google' to find out more information about animals and use the images to support their own representations	
	programr instructio Explain h	an iPad, open a ne and follow ns ow to stay safe ng the internet	instructions when using an online interactive	home Collect information about	journey Use Google Maps to follow the route from		cameras to take their own images			
E-S	afety	Co	mputer Skills	Programming		Word Proces	sing skills	D	ata Collection	

[□] Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality resources will be provided for daily accessibility. □ Role-play areas will be a key area where a range of technologies will be used in play- telephones, microwaves, cookers, keyboards, televisions, CD player. These should be modelled. □ Explicit teaching will be needed within this area when using iPad and researching. This should take place in small, guided groups.